

## DESCRIPTION OF THE COURSE OF STUDY

<b>Course code</b>	0541.6.MAT2.D.AS	
<b>Name of the course in</b>	Polish	<b>Analiza sygnałów</b>
	English	<b>Signals Analysis</b>

## 1. LOCATION OF THE COURSE OF STUDY WITHIN THE SYSTEM OF STUDIES

<b>1.1. Field of study</b>	mathematics
<b>1.2. Mode of study</b>	full-time studies
<b>1.3. Level of study</b>	Graduate (Master)
<b>1.4. Profile of study*</b>	general academic profile of studies
<b>1.5. Person/s preparing the course description</b>	Dr hab. Grzegorz Łysik
<b>1.6. Contact</b>	<a href="mailto:glysik@ujk.edu.pl">glysik@ujk.edu.pl</a>

## 2. GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS OF THE COURSE OF STUDY

<b>2.1. Language of instruction</b>	Polish and English
<b>2.2. Prerequisites*</b>	Mathematical Analysis III, Linear Algebra and Geometry

## 3. DETAILED CHARACTERISTICS OF THE COURSE OF STUDY

<b>3.1. Form of classes</b>	lectures and classes	
<b>3.2. Place of classes</b>	classes in the UJK teaching room	
<b>3.3. Form of assessment</b>	Graded credit	
<b>3.4. Teaching methods</b>	Lectures – information lecture Classes - discussions, solving problems	
<b>3.5. Bibliography</b>	<b>Required reading</b>	Ronald L. Allen, Duncan W. Mills; <i>Signal Analysis Time, Frequency, Scale, and Structure</i> ; A John Wiley & Sons, Inc., Publication, (2004).
	<b>Further reading</b>	Steven B. Damelin; Willard Miller, Jr; <i>The Mathematics of Signal Processing</i> ; Cambridge University Press, (2012).

## 4. OBJECTIVES, SYLLABUS CONTENT AND INTENDED LEARNING OUTCOMES

<b>4.1. Course objectives (including form of classes)</b> <i>Lectures</i> C1 – basic knowledge on signals and methods of their transformations C2 – recognition of methods of modeling of analog signals C3 – recognition of methods of time-frequency analysis of signals <i>Classes</i> C1 – acquirement of abilities of application of mathematical knowledge to analysis of signals C2 – acquirement of abilities of application of knowledge in practice
<b>4.2. Detailed syllabus (including form of classes)</b> <i>Lectures:</i> Definitions, classifications of signals and their mathematical models. Signals parameters and relations between them. Signals spaces: norm, distance and scalar product. Representation of signals in a form of functional series. Fourier transformation and its generalization. Frequency analysis of signals. Local spectral analysis of signals: windows, Gabor and wavelet transformations. <i>Classes:</i> Fourier series expansion of signals. Computation of Fourier transforms of some determined signals. Spectral analysis of discrete signals. Computing a time and frequency convolution. Z-transform and its properties. Determination of characteristics of linear discrete systems.

## 4.3. Intended learning outcomes

<b>Code</b>	<b>A student, who passed the course</b>	<b>Relation to learning outcomes</b>
within the scope of <b>KNOWLEDGE:</b>		
W01	Explains and characterizes methods of modeling analog signals	MAT2A_W17
W02	Explains and characterizes methods of time-frequency analysis of signals	MAT2A_W17
W03	Has a knowledge in the field of theory of signals and information and methods of their transformation in time and frequency	MAT2A_W17
within the scope of <b>ABILITIES:</b>		
U01	Uses methods of time and frequency transformations and analysis of signals to obtain information about signals	MAT2A_U04 MAT2A_U11
U02	Computes representation of signals in a form of functional series	MAT2A_U04 MAT2A_U11
U03	Carries out frequency analysis of signals	MAT2A_U04 MAT2A_U11

U04	Uses the knowledge for modeling physical phenomena	MAT2A_U05
within the scope of <b>SOCIAL COMPETENCE:</b>		
K01	Understand the need of continuous extending his own professional competencies	MAT2A_K02

#### 4.4. Methods of assessment of the intended learning outcomes

Teaching outcomes (code)	Method of assessment (+/-)					
	Test*			Effort in class*		
	Form of classes			Form of classes		
	L	C	...	L	C	...
W01	+					
W02	+					
W03	+					
U01		+				
U02		+				
U03		+				
K01					+	

\* delete as appropriate

#### 4.5. Criteria of assessment of the intended learning outcomes

Form of classes	Grade	Criterion of assessment
lectures (L)	3	at least 50% and no more than 60% of the total number of points possible
	3,5	more than 60% and no more than 70% of the total number of points possible
	4	more than 70% and no more than 80% of the total number of points possible
	4,5	more than 80% and no more than 90% of the total number of points possible
	5	more than 90% of the total number of points possible
classes (C)*	3	at least 50% and no more than 60% of the total number of points possible
	3,5	more than 60% and no more than 70% of the total number of points possible
	4	more than 70% and no more than 80% of the total number of points possible
	4,5	more than 80% and no more than 90% of the total number of points possible
	5	more than 90% of the total number of points possible

### 5. BALANCE OF ECTS CREDITS – STUDENT'S WORK INPUT

Category	Student's workload	
	Full-time studies	Extramural studies
<i>NUMBER OF HOURS WITH THE DIRECT PARTICIPATION OF THE TEACHER /CONTACT HOURS/</i>	<b>47</b>	
<i>Participation in lectures*</i>	15	
<i>Participation in classes, seminars, laboratories*</i>	30	
<i>Preparation in the exam/ final test*</i>	2	
<i>INDEPENDENT WORK OF THE STUDENT/NON-CONTACT HOURS/</i>	<b>28</b>	
<i>Preparation for the lecture*</i>	6	
<i>Preparation for the classes, seminars, laboratories*</i>	12	
<i>Preparation for the exam/test*</i>	10	
<i>TOTAL NUMBER OF HOURS</i>	<b>75</b>	
ECTS credits for the course of study	<b>3</b>	

\* delete as appropriate

**Accepted for execution** (date and legible signatures of the teachers running the course in the given academic year)

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